# 2005 DRAFTING REQUEST

## Bill

Received: 04/19/2005					Received By: pgrant			
Wanted: As time permits					Identical to LRB:			
For: Rob	ert Ziegelbau	er (608) 266-0	315		By/Representing: Luanne Kostelic			
This file may be shown to any legislator: NO					Drafter: pgrant			
May Con	tact:				Addl. Drafters:	mshovers chanaman		
Subject: Education - school boards Local Gov't - counties Local Gov't - misc Employ Pub - collective bargain					Extra Copies:			
Submit v	ia email: YES			a a				
Requeste	r's email:	Rep.Ziegel	bauer@leg	is.state.wi.us				
Carbon c	opy (CC:) to:							
Topic:	fic pre topic gi	ven	eliminate Q	EΟ				
Instruct	ions:					·		
See Attac	ched							
Drafting	History:							
Vers.	Drafted	Reviewed	Typed	Proofed	Submitted	<u>Jacketed</u> <u>Required</u>		
/?	pgrant 04/19/2005 mshovers 04/19/2005	lkunkel 04/19/2005				S&L		
/1			jfrantze 04/20/200	05	lnorthro 04/20/2005	mbarman 05/13/2005		

**LRB-2830**05/13/2005 01:32:12 PM
Page 2

<u>Vers.</u> <u>Drafted</u> <u>Reviewed</u> <u>Typed</u> <u>Proofed</u> <u>Submitted</u> <u>Jacketed</u> <u>Required</u>

FE Sent For:

<END>

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# 2005 DRAFTING REQUEST

Received By: pgrant

# Bill

Received: 04/19/2005

Wanted: As time permits					Identical to LRB:  By/Representing: Luanne Kostelic			
For: Robert Ziegelbauer (608) 266-0315  This file may be shown to any legislator: NO								
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May Co	ntact:				Addl. Drafters:	mshovers chanama		
Subject: Education - school boar Local Gov't - counties Local Gov't - misc Employ Pub - collective					Extra Copies:			
Submit	via email: YES							
Request	er's email:	Rep.Ziegel	bauer@leg	is.state.wi.us				
Carbon	copy (CC:) to:							
Pre Top	oic: ific pre topic gi	ven	No. :	in the state of th	в			
Topic: Spendin	g limit for loca	l governments,	eliminate Q	EO				
Instruc	tions:							
See Atta	ched							
Draftin	g History:							
Vers.	Drafted	Reviewed	Typed	Proofed	Submitted	Jacketed	Required	
/?	pgrant 04/19/2005 mshovers 04/19/2005	lkunkel 04/19/2005					S&L	
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**LRB-2830** 04/20/2005 10:26:55 AM Page 2

<u>Vers.</u> <u>Drafted</u> <u>Reviewed</u> <u>Typed</u> <u>Proofed</u> <u>Submitted</u> <u>Jacketed</u> <u>Required</u>

FE Sent For:

<END>

## 2005 DRAFTING REQUEST

Bill

Received: 04/19/2005

Received By: pgrant

Wanted: As time permits

Identical to LRB:

For: Robert Ziegelbauer (608) 266-0315

By/Representing: Luanne Kostelic

This file may be shown to any legislator: **NO** 

Drafter: pgrant

May Contact:

Addl. Drafters:

mshovers chanaman

Subject:

**Education - school boards** 

Local Gov't - counties Local Gov't - misc

**Employ Pub - collective bargain** 

Extra Copies:

Submit via email: YES

Requester's email:

Rep.Ziegelbauer@legis.state.wi.us

Carbon copy (CC:) to:

Pre Topic:

No specific pre topic given

Topic:

Spending limit for local governments, eliminate QEO >

**Instructions:** 

See Attached

**Drafting History:** 

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**Submitted** 

Jacketed

Required

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pgrant

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FE Sent For:

<END>

#### Grant, Peter

From:

Kostelic, Luanne

Sent:

Tuesday, April 19, 2005 12:07 PM

To: Subject:

Grant, Peter Lrbs0021/1

RE: LRBs0021/1, Ziegelbauer's spending limits bill

Can you please send an LRB over so that it can be introduced separately as a bill?

Thanks,

Luanne

#### Office of Rep. Bob Ziegelbauer

Staff: Luanne Kostelic

#### **State Capitol:**

207-North, PO Box 8953; Madison, WI 53708-8953 Phone: (608) 266-0315 or Toll Free: 1-888-529-0025

Fax: (608) 282-3625 Website: <a href="http://www.bobziegelbauer.com/">http://www.bobziegelbauer.com/</a>

#### In the District:

1213 S. 8th Street, PO Box 325, Manitowoc, WI 54221-0325

Office: (920) 684-6783, Home: (920) 684-4362

other

#### **2005 - 2006 LEGISLATURE**

LRBs0021/1 PG/MES/CMH:lmk&wlj:jf

CRB-2830 /1
REMES (CMH: 18)

# ASSEMBLY SUBSTITUTE AMENDMENT,

# TQ 2005 ASSEMBLY BILL 58

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AN ACT to repeal 111.70 (1) (dm), 111.70 (1) (fm), 111.70 (1) (nc), 111.70 (4) (cm) 5s., 111.70 (4) (cm) 8m. b., 111.70 (4) (cm) 8p., 111.70 (4) (cm) 8s. and 118.245; to consolidate, renumber and amend 111.70 (4) (cm) 8m. a. and c.; to amend 111.70 (1) (b), 111.70 (4) (cm) 6. a., 111.70 (4) (cm) 6. am., 111.70 (4) (cm) 6. b., 111.70 (4) (cm) 7., 111.70 (4) (cm) 7r. d., 111.70 (4) (cm) 7r. e., 111.70 (4) (cm) 7r. f., 111.70 (4) (cm) 7r. h., 111.70 (4) (d) 2. a., 119.04 (1) and 121.91 (2m) (e) 2.; and to create 65.95, 111.70 (4) (c) 2m., 111.70 (4) (jm) 4m. and 111.77 (6) (dm) of the statutes; relating to: spending limits for cities, villages, towns, counties, school districts, and technical college districts; school district revenue limits; and qualified economic offers under the Municipal Employment Relations Act.

## Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This substitute amendment establishes spending limits for cities, villages, towns, counties, and technical college districts beginning in 2006. The limit is the amount spent in the previous fiscal year plus the average percentage increase in the

consumer price index (CPI) over the three previous fiscal years plus 1 percent. The limit for a city, village, town, or county is also increased by the percentage increase over the previous fiscal year in its population; the limit for a technical college district is also increased by the percentage increase over the previous fiscal year in its enrollment.

An entity may exceed its spending limit in any fiscal year if a referendum approves the amount of the proposed excess.

Current law generally limits the increase in the total amount that a school district may receive from general school aids and property taxes in a school year to the amount of revenue increase allowed per pupil in the previous school year increased by the percentage change in the CPI. Beginning with the revenue limit calculated for the 2006–07 school year, this substitute amendment indexes the per pupil increase allowed to the percentage increase in the CPI plus 1 percent.

bi II

Under current law, in local government employment other than law enforcement and fire fighting employment, if a dispute relating to the terms of a proposed collective bargaining agreement has not been settled after a reasonable period of negotiation and after mediation by the Wisconsin Employment Relations Commission (WERC), either party, or the parties jointly, may petition WERC to initiate compulsory, final, and binding arbitration with respect to any dispute relating to wages, hours, and conditions of employment. If WERC determines, after investigation, that an impasse exists and that arbitration is required, WERC must submit to the parties a list of seven arbitrators, from which the parties alternately strike names until one arbitrator is left. As an alternative to a single arbitrator, WERC may provide for an arbitration panel that consists of one person selected by each party and one person selected by WERC. As a further alternative, WERC may also provide a process that allows for a random selection of a single arbitrator from a list of seven names submitted by WERC. Under current law, an arbitrator or arbitration panel must adopt the final offer of one of the parties on all disputed issues, which is then incorporated into the collective bargaining agreement.

Under current law, however, this process does not apply to a dispute over economic issues involving a collective bargaining unit consisting of school district professional employees if WERC determines, subsequent to an investigation, that the employer has submitted a qualified economic offer (QEO). Under current law, a QEO consists of a proposal to maintain the percentage contribution by the employer to the employees' existing fringe benefit costs and the employees' existing fringe benefits and to provide for an annual average salary increase having a cost to the employer at least equal to 2.1 percent of the existing total compensation and fringe benefit costs for the employees in the collective bargaining unit plus any fringe benefit savings. Fringe benefit savings is that amount, if any, by which 1.7 percent of the total compensation and fringe benefit costs for all municipal employees in a collective bargaining unit for any 12-month period covered by a proposed collective bargaining agreement exceeds the increased cost required to maintain the percentage contribution by the municipal employer to the municipal employees' existing fringe benefit costs and to maintain all fringe benefits provided to the municipal employees.

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6:11 (USC3X)

This substitute amendment eliminates the QEO exception from the

compulsory, final, and binding arbitration process.

The Municipal Employment Relations Act (MERA) does not limit collective bargaining agreements to any specific maximum expenditures or increases in expenditures. This substitute amendment prohibits any final offer that is submitted to WERC for interest arbitration from proposing to expend more than the amount spent under the previous agreement increased by the percentage change in the CPI, plus 2 percent. WERC will determine the maximum increase in expenditure using this formula.

Under MERA, for labor disputes that go to arbitration, the arbitrator or arbitration panel must consider a variety of factors, some of which are given "greatest weight"; some of which are given "greater weight"; and some of which must simply be considered. Among the factors that must simply be considered are the wages, hours, and conditions of employees providing similar services and of employees in public and in private employment in the same and comparable communities. This substitute amendment provides that the arbitrator or arbitration panel must consider the wages, hours, and conditions of employment of the employees as a whole and not in isolation.

Under current law, school district professional employees are required to be placed in a collective bargaining unit that is separate from the units of other school district employees. This substitute amendment eliminates this requirement.

Finally, the substitute amendment eliminates a 3.8 percent cap imposed on salary and fringe benefit annual cost increases for all nonrepresented professional school district employees.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

**SECTION 1.** 65.95 of the statutes is created to read:

# 65.95 Spending and levy limits. (1) In this section:

- (a) "Excess levy" means the amount by which a local governmental unit's levy exceeds its previous levy without approval at a referendum under sub. (5).
- (b) "Excess spending" means the amount by which a local governmental unit's spending exceeds its spending limit under this section.
- (c) "Local governmental unit" means any city, village, town, county, or technical college district.

- (2) Except as provided in sub. (3) and subject to sub. (4), a local governmental unit may not spend in any fiscal year more than the amount it spent the previous fiscal year increased by all of the following:
- (a) The average percentage increase in the consumer price index for Milwaukee-Racine or its successor for the 3 previous fiscal years, plus 1 percent.
- (b) For cities, villages, towns, and counties, the percentage increase over the previous fiscal year in the population of the city, village, town, or county, as estimated by the department of administration under s. 16.96.
- (c) For technical college districts, the percentage increase over the previous fiscal year in the enrollment of the district.
- (3) (a) If a local governmental unit wishes to exceed the limit otherwise applicable to the local governmental unit under sub. (2) in any fiscal year, it shall promptly adopt a resolution supporting inclusion in its final budget of an amount equal to the proposed excess spending. The resolution shall be filed as provided in s. 8.37. The local governmental unit shall call a special referendum for the purpose of submitting the resolution to the electors for approval or rejection. In lieu of a special referendum, the local governmental unit may specify that the referendum be held at the next succeeding spring primary or election or September primary or general election, if such election is to be held not sooner than 42 days after the filing of the resolution.
- (b) The local governmental unit shall publish type A, B, C, D, and E notices of the referendum under s. 10.01 (2). Notwithstanding s. 10.01 (2) (a), the type A notice shall include a statement of the amount of the excess spending specified in par. (a) and a copy of the resolution under par. (a). Section 5.01 (1) applies in the event of failure to comply with the notice requirements of this paragraph.

(c) The referendum shall be held in accordance with chs. 5 to 12. The local
governmental unit shall provide the election officials with all necessary election
supplies. The form of the ballot shall correspond substantially with the standard
form for referendum ballots prescribed by the elections board under ss. 5.64 (2) and
7.08 (1) (a). The question submitted shall be whether the limit under sub. (2) may
be exceeded by a specified amount. The limit otherwise applicable to the local
governmental unit under sub. (2) is increased by the amount approved by a majority
of those voting on the question.
(4) In the case of a city, village, town, or county, the spending limit under sub.
(2) does not apply to any of the following amounts:
(a) Any amount contributed to a proprietary fund under s. 65.90 (3) (b) 5. that
is not property tax revenues.
(b) Any amount spent as a matching contribution that is related to a federal
grant that is received by the city, village, town, or county that is not property tax
revenues.
(c) Any amount of spending that derived from a federal grant.
<b>SECTION 2.</b> 111.70 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
111.70 (1) (b) "Collective bargaining unit" means -a the unit consisting of
municipal employees who are school district professional employees or of municipal
employees who are not school district professional employees that is determined by
the commission to be appropriate for the purpose of collective bargaining.
SECTION 3. 111.70 (1) (dm) of the statutes is repealed.
SECTION 4. 111.70 (1) (fm) of the statutes is repealed.
<b>SECTION 5.</b> 111.70 (1) $(nc)$ of the statutes is repealed.

**SECTION 6.** 111.70 (4) (c) 2m. of the statutes is created to read:

111.70 (4) (c) 2m. 'Factors used in arbitration to settle disputes.' If the parties to a dispute agree to have the commission or any other appropriate agency serve as arbitrator to resolve the dispute and if the commission or any other appropriate agency compares the wages, hours, and conditions of employment of the municipal employees involved in the arbitration proceedings with the wages, hours, and conditions of employment of any other employees, the commission or other appropriate agency shall compare the wages, hours, and conditions of employment as a whole, rather than as individual elements.

**SECTION 7.** 111.70(4) (cm) 5s. of the statutes is repealed.

**SECTION 8.** 111.70 (4) (cm) 6. a. of the statutes is amended to read:

or more issues, qualifying for interest arbitration under subd. 5s. in a collective bargaining unit to which subd. 5s. applies, has not been settled after a reasonable period of negotiation and after mediation by the commission under subd. 3. and other settlement procedures, if any, established by the parties have been exhausted, and the parties are deadlocked with respect to any dispute between them over wages, hours and conditions of employment to be included in a new collective bargaining agreement, either party, or the parties jointly, may petition the commission, in writing, to initiate compulsory, final and binding arbitration, as provided in this paragraph. At the time the petition is filed, the petitioning party shall submit in writing to the other party and the commission its preliminary final offer containing its latest proposals on all issues in dispute. Within 14 calendar days after the date of that submission, the other party shall submit in writing its preliminary final offer on all disputed issues to the petitioning party and the commission. If a petition is

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filed jointly, both parties shall exchange their preliminary final offers in writing and submit copies to the commission at the time the petition is filed.

**SECTION 9.** 111.70 (4) (cm) 6. am. of the statutes is amended to read:

111.70 (4) (cm) 6. am. Upon receipt of a petition to initiate arbitration, the commission shall make an investigation, with or without a formal hearing, to determine whether arbitration should be commenced. If in determining whether an impasse exists the commission finds that the procedures set forth in this paragraph have not been complied with and such compliance would tend to result in a settlement, it may order such compliance before ordering arbitration. The validity of any arbitration award or collective bargaining agreement shall not be affected by failure to comply with such procedures. Prior to the close of the investigation each party shall submit in writing to the commission its single final offer containing its final proposals on all issues in dispute that are subject to interest arbitration under this subdivision or under subd. 5s. in collective bargaining units to which subd. 5s. applies. A final offer may not propose to expend more than the amount spent under the previous agreement increased by the percentage change in the consumer price index plus 2 percent, as determined by the commission. If a party fails to submit a single, ultimate final offer, the commission shall close the investigation based on the last written position of the party. The municipal employer may not submit a qualified economic offer under subd. 5s. after the close of the investigation. Such final offers may include only mandatory subjects of bargaining, except that a permissive subject of bargaining may be included by a party if the other party does not object and shall then be treated as a mandatory subject. No later than such time, the parties shall also submit to the commission a stipulation, in writing, with respect to all matters which are agreed upon for inclusion in the new or amended collective bargaining

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agreement. The commission, after receiving a report from its investigator and determining that arbitration should be commenced, shall issue an order requiring arbitration and immediately submit to the parties a list of 7 arbitrators. Upon receipt of such list, the parties shall alternately strike names until a single name is left, who shall be appointed as arbitrator. The petitioning party shall notify the commission in writing of the identity of the arbitrator selected. Upon receipt of such notice, the commission shall formally appoint the arbitrator and submit to him or her the final offers of the parties. The final offers shall be considered public documents and shall be available from the commission. In lieu of a single arbitrator and upon request of both parties, the commission shall appoint a tripartite arbitration panel consisting of one member selected by each of the parties and a neutral person designated by the commission who shall serve as a chairperson. An arbitration panel has the same powers and duties as provided in this section for any other appointed arbitrator, and all arbitration decisions by such panel shall be determined by majority vote. In lieu of selection of the arbitrator by the parties and upon request of both parties, the commission shall establish a procedure for randomly selecting names of arbitrators. Under the procedure, the commission shall submit a list of 7 arbitrators to the parties. Each party shall strike one name from the list. From the remaining 5 names, the commission shall randomly appoint an arbitrator. Unless both parties to an arbitration proceeding otherwise agree in writing, every individual whose name is submitted by the commission for appointment as an arbitrator shall be a resident of this state at the time of submission and every individual who is designated as an arbitration panel chairperson shall be a resident of this state at the time of designation.

**SECTION 10.** 111.70 (4) (cm) 6. b. of the statutes is amended to read:

appointment, establish a date and place for the conduct of the arbitration hearing. Upon petition of at least 5 citizens of the jurisdiction served by the municipal employer, filed within 10 days after the date on which the arbitrator is appointed, the arbitrator shall hold a public hearing in the jurisdiction for the purpose of providing the opportunity to both parties to explain or present supporting arguments for their positions and to members of the public to offer their comments and suggestions. The final offers of the parties, as transmitted by the commission to the arbitrator, shall serve as the basis for continued negotiations, if any, between the parties with respect to the issues in dispute. At any time prior to the arbitration hearing, either party, with the consent of the other party and subject to the expenditure limit in subd. 6.

am., may modify its final offer in writing.

**SECTION 11.** 111.70 (4) (cm) 7. of the statutes is amended to read:

111.70 (4) (cm) 7. 'Factor Factors given greatest weight.' In making any decision under the arbitration procedures authorized by this paragraph, the arbitrator or arbitration panel shall consider and shall give the greatest weight to the expenditure limit in subd. 6. am. and any state law or directive lawfully issued by a state legislative or administrative officer, body or agency which places limitations on expenditures that may be made or revenues that may be collected by a municipal employer. The arbitrator or arbitration panel shall give an accounting of the consideration of this factor these factors in the arbitrator's or panel's decision.

**SECTION 12.** 111.70 (4) (cm) 7r. d. of the statutes is amended to read:

111.70 (4) (cm) 7r. d. Comparison of wages, hours and conditions of employment of the municipal employees involved in the arbitration proceedings with the wages, hours and conditions of employment of other employees performing similar services.

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1	In making this comparison, the arbitrator or arbitration panel shall consider wages,
2	hours, and conditions of employment as a whole, rather than as individual elements.
3	<b>SECTION 13.</b> 111.70 $(4)$ (cm) 7r. e. of the statutes is amended to read:
4	111.70 (4) (cm) 7r. e. Comparison of the wages, hours and conditions of
5	employment of the municipal employees involved in the arbitration proceedings with
6	the wages, hours and conditions of employment of other employees generally in
7	public employment in the same community and in comparable communities. In
8	making this comparison, the arbitrator or arbitration panel shall consider wages,
9	hours, and conditions of employment as a whole, rather than as individual elements.
10	SECTION 14. 111.70 (4) (cm) 7r. f. of the statutes is amended to read:
11	111.70 (4) (cm) 7r. f. Comparison of the wages, hours and conditions of
12	employment of the municipal employees involved in the arbitration proceedings with
13	the wages, hours and conditions of employment of other employees in private
14	employment in the same community and in comparable communities. In making
15	this comparison, the arbitrator or arbitration panel shall consider wages, hours, and
16	conditions of employment as a whole, rather than as individual elements.
17	<b>SECTION 15.</b> 111.70 $(4)$ (cm) 7r. h. of the statutes is amended to read:
18	111.70 (4) (cm) 7r. h. The overall compensation presently received by the
19	municipal employees, including direct wage compensation, vacation, holidays and
20	excused time, insurance and pensions, medical and hospitalization benefits, the
21	continuity and stability of employment, and all other benefits received. In making
22	this comparison, the arbitrator or arbitration panel shall consider wages, hours, and
23	conditions of employment as a whole, rather than as individual elements.
24	SECTION 16. 111.70 (4) (cm) 8m. a. and c. of the statutes are consolidated,

renumbered 111.70 (4) (cm) 8m. and amended to read:

111.70 (4) (cm) 8m. 'Term of agreement; reopening of negotiations.' Except for the initial collective bargaining agreement between the parties and, except as the parties otherwise agree, and except as provided in par. (cn), every collective bargaining agreement covering municipal employees subject to this paragraph other than school district professional employees shall be for a term of 2 years. No, but in no case may a collective bargaining agreement for any collective bargaining unit consisting of municipal employees subject to this paragraph other than school district professional employees shall be for a term exceeding 3 years. e. No arbitration award may contain a provision for reopening of negotiations during the term of a collective bargaining agreement, unless both parties agree to such a provision. The requirement for agreement by both parties does not apply to a provision for reopening of negotiations with respect to any portion of an agreement that is declared invalid by a court or administrative agency or rendered invalid by the enactment of a law or promulgation of a federal regulation.

SECTION 17. 111.70 (4) (cm) 8m. b. of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 18. 111.70 (4) (cm) 8p. of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 19. 111.70 (4) (cm) 8s. of the statutes is repealed.

**SECTION 20.** 111.70 (4) (d) 2. a. of the statutes is amended to read:

111.70 (4) (d) 2. a. The commission shall determine the appropriate collective bargaining unit for the purpose of collective bargaining and shall whenever possible, unless otherwise required under this subchapter, avoid fragmentation by maintaining as few collective bargaining units as practicable in keeping with the size of the total municipal work force. In making such a determination, the commission may decide whether, in a particular case, the municipal employees in the same or several departments, divisions, institutions, crafts, professions, or other

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occupational groupings constitute a collective bargaining unit. Before making its determination, the commission may provide an opportunity for the municipal employees concerned to determine, by secret ballot, whether or not they desire to be established as a separate collective bargaining unit. The commission shall not decide, however, that any group of municipal employees constitutes an appropriate collective bargaining unit if the group includes both municipal employees who are school district professional employees and municipal employees who are not school district professional employees. The commission shall not decide, however, that any other group of municipal employees constitutes an appropriate collective bargaining unit if the group includes both professional employees and nonprofessional employees, unless a majority of the professional employees vote for inclusion in the unit. The commission shall not decide that any group of municipal employees constitutes an appropriate collective bargaining unit if the group includes both craft employees and noncraft employees unless a majority of the craft employees vote for inclusion in the unit. The commission shall place the professional employees who are assigned to perform any services at a charter school, as defined in s. 115.001 (1), in a separate collective bargaining unit from a unit that includes any other professional employees whenever at least 30% of those professional employees request an election to be held to determine that issue and a majority of the professional employees at the charter school who cast votes in the election decide to be represented in a separate collective bargaining unit. Any vote taken under this subsection shall be by secret ballot.

**SECTION 21.** 111.70 (4) (jm) 4m. of the statutes is created to read:

111.70 (4) (jm) 4m. For the purpose of setting wages and determining hours and conditions of employment under subd. 4., if the arbitrator compares the wages,

hours, and conditions of employment with the wages, hours, and conditions of
employment of other employees performing similar services or in the same
community or comparable communities, the arbitrator shall consider wages, hours,
and conditions of employment as a whole, rather than as individual elements.
SECTION 22. 111.77 (6) (dm) of the statutes is created to read:
111.77 (6) (dm) In making the comparison of wages, hours, and conditions of
employment under par (d), the arbitrator shall consider wages, hours, and conditions
of employment as a whole, rather than as individual elements.
SECTION 23. 118.245 of the statutes is repealed.
<b>SECTION 24.</b> 119.04 $(1)$ of the statutes is amended to read:
119.04 (1) Subchapters IV, V and VII of ch. 115, ch. 121 and ss. 66.0235 (3) (c),
115.01 (1) and (2), 115.28, 115.31, 115.33, 115.34, 115.343, 115.345, 115.361, 115.38
(2), 115.45, 118.001 to 118.04, 118.045, 118.06, 118.07, 118.10, 118.12, 118.125 to
118.14, 118.145 (4), 118.15, 118.153, 118.16, 118.162, 118.163, 118.164, 118.18,
118.19, 118.20, 118.24 (1), (2) (c) to (f), (6) and (8), <del>118.245,</del> 118.255, 118.258, 118.291,
118.30 to 118.43, 118.51, 118.52, 118.55, 120.12 (5) and (15) to (26), 120.125, 120.13
(1), (2) (b) to (g), (3), (14), (17) to (19), (26), (34), (35) and (37), 120.14 and 120.25 are
applicable to a 1st class city school district and board.
SECTION 25. 121.91 (2m) (e) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:
121.91 (2m) (e) 2. Multiply the amount of the revenue increase per pupil
allowed under this subsection for the previous school year by the sum of $1.0 \pm 0.01$ plus
the allowable rate of increase under s. 73.0305 expressed as a decimal.
Section 26. Nonstatutory provisions.

(1) Notwithstanding section 65.95 (2) of the statutes, as created by this act, in

the first fiscal year in which the spending limit established under this act applies,

the base for determining the spending limit is the fiscal year that began in 2004, not 2005.

#### SECTION 27. Initial applicability.

- (1) The treatment of section 65.95 of the statutes first applies to the fiscal year of a local governmental unit that begins in 2006.
- (2) The treatment of section 111.70 (1) (b), (dm), (fm), and (nc) and (4) (cm) 5s. and 6. a., am., and b., 8m. a., b., and c., 8p., and 8s. and (d) 2. a. of the statutes first applies to petitions for arbitration that relate to collective bargaining agreements that cover periods beginning on or after July 1, 2005, and that are filed under section 111.70 (4) (cm) 6. of the statutes, as affected by this act, on the effective date of this subsection.
- (3) The treatment of sections 111.70 (4) (c) 2m., (cm) 7. and 7r. d., e., f., and h., and (jm) 4m. and 111.77 (6) (dm) of the statutes first applies to an arbitration decision that results from a petition for arbitration submitted on the effective date of this subsection.
- (4) The treatment of section 121.91 (2m) (e) 2. of the statutes first applies to the calculation of a school district's revenue limit for the 2006–07 school year.

## Barman, Mike

From:

Ziegelbauer, Bob

Sent:

Thursday, May 12, 2005 4:56 PM

To:

LRB.Legal

Subject:

Draft review: LRB 05-2830/1 Topic: Spending limit for local governments, eliminate

**QEO** 

It has been requested by <Ziegelbauer, Bob> that the following draft be jacketed for the ASSEMBLY:

Draft review: LRB 05-2830/1 Topic: Spending limit for local governments, eliminate QEO